UNITED STATES SECURITIES AND EXCHANGE COMMISSION

Washington, D.C. 20549

FORM SD

Specialized Disclosure Report

SENSTAR TECHNOLOGIES LTD.

(Exact name of Registrant as specified in its charter)

Israel

(Jurisdiction of incorporation or organization)

0-21388

(Commission file number)

10th F. Gibor Sport Tower 7 Menachem Begin Road Ramat Gan 5268102, Israel

(Address of principal executive offices)

Tomer Hay, +972-74-794-5200 (phone)

(Name and telephone number of the person to contact in connection with this report.)

Check the appropriate box to indicate the rule pursuant to which this form is being filed, and provide the period to which the information in this form applies:

🛛 Rule 13p-1 under the Securities Exchange Act (17 CFR 240.13p-1) for the reporting period from January 1 to December 31, 2022.

Item 1.01. Conflict Minerals Disclosure and Report

Senstar Technologies Ltd. ("Senstar", "the Company", "we" or "our") (formerly known as Magal Security Systems Ltd.) has evaluated its current product lines and determined that certain products that we manufacture or contract to manufacture contain, or may contain, tin, tungsten, tantalum, or gold ("3TG"), which are defined as "Conflict Minerals" by the United States Securities and Exchange Commission, that are necessary for the functionality or production of our products. Accordingly, Senstar is filing this disclosure along with a Conflict Minerals Report to disclose the measures we have taken to determine the most reasonable country of origin of the Conflict Minerals used in our products.

Conflict Minerals Disclosure

We undertook due diligence measures regarding our minerals supply chain, including surveying our direct suppliers, attempting to determine the necessary Conflict Minerals used in our products that were manufactured or contracted to manufacture in 2022, which we purchase through our complex network of global suppliers.

We do not possess sufficient information from our suppliers or other sources to determine the country of origin, or likely country of origin of the Conflict Minerals used in our products, or to identify the facilities used to process those Conflict Minerals. Therefore, we cannot exclude the possibility that some of these Conflict Minerals may have originated in the Democratic Republic of the Congo or an adjoining country and are not from recycled or scrap sources.

A copy of Senstar's Conflict Minerals Report for the reporting period from January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022 is filed as Exhibit 1.01 hereto and is publicly available at our website under the heading "Corporate Governance" at the following link: https://senstartechnologies.com/about/. The content of any website referred to in this Form SD is included for general information only and is not incorporated by reference in this Form SD.

Item 2.01. Exhibits

The following exhibit is filed as part of this report:

Exhibit 1.01 - Conflict Minerals Report as required by Items 1.01 and 1.02 of this Form.

SIGNATURES

Pursuant to the requirements of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934, the registrant has duly caused this report to be signed on its behalf by the duly authorized undersigned.

Senstar Technologies Ltd.

By: <u>/s/ Tomer Hay</u> Tomer Hay Title: Chief Financial Officer

May 30, 2023

Conflict Minerals Report

This is the Conflict Minerals Report for Senstar Technologies Ltd. ("Senstar", "the Company", "we", "us" or "our"), filed with the SEC pursuant to Rule 13p-1 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 (the "Rule") for the reporting period from January 1, 2022 to December 31, 2022. The Rule was adopted by the SEC to implement reporting and disclosure requirements related to Conflict Minerals as directed by the Dodd-Frank Wall Street Reform and Consumer Protection Act of 2010 (Dodd-Frank Act). The Rule imposes certain reporting obligations on Securities and Exchange Commission (the "SEC") registrants whose manufactured or contracted to manufacture products contain, or likely contain, Conflict Minerals that are necessary for the functionality or production of those products. "Conflict Minerals" are defined as cassiterite, columbite-tantalite, gold, wolframite, and their derivatives, which are limited to tin, tantalum, tungsten, and gold ("**3TG**") for the purposes of this assessment.

If a registrant cannot establish with complete certainty that the Conflict Minerals that are necessary for the manufacture or functionality of its products originated or likely originated from sources other than the Democratic Republic of the Congo or the adjoining countries (together referred to as "Covered Countries"), or that they originate from entirely recycled or scrap sources, the registrant must submit a specialized disclosure report under the Form SD that describes the steps that the registrant took to determine the origin or likely country of origin of the Conflict Minerals in its products. As part of the company's desire to take responsibility for and concern themselves with human rights issues, we decided to review the company's supply chain according to the EU regulation's guidance as well, and within that have included conflict-affected or high-risk areas ("CAHRAs") when approaching suppliers for information

If a registrant has reason to believe that the Conflict Minerals in its supply chain may have originated in Covered Countries, or if the registrant is unable to determine the likely country of origin of those Conflict Minerals, then the registrant must exercise due diligence on the Conflict Minerals' source and chain of custody, and the registrant must annually submit a Conflict Minerals Report (a "**CMR**") as an exhibit to its Form SD to the SEC that includes a description of those due diligence measures.

Our goal in designing and implementing our Conflict Minerals risk management strategy is not to eliminate sourcing from Covered Countries, but to encourage participation with the Responsible Minerals Initiative ("RMI") and other relevant independent third-party auditing bodies, where possible.

As permitted by the Rule and the SEC, this report has not been subject to an independent private sector audit.

1. Company Overview

We are a leading international provider of comprehensive physical, video, and access control security products and solutions. We offer comprehensive solutions for critical sites, which leverage our broad portfolio of homegrown PIDS (Perimeter Intrusion Detection Systems), advanced VMS (Video Management Software) with native IVA (Intelligent Video Analytics) security solutions, as well as access control products and technologies.

2. Supply Chain and Product Overview

Based on our multi-decade industry experience and interaction with customers, we have developed a comprehensive set of solutions and products, optimized for perimeter, outdoor, and general security applications. Our broad portfolio of critical infrastructure protection and site protection technologies includes a variety of smart barriers and fences, fence mounted sensors, virtual gates, buried and concealed detection systems, and sophisticated sensors for sub-surface intrusion such as to secure pipelines, as well as advanced video analytics software and video management systems. We have successfully installed customized solutions and products in more than 100 countries worldwide.

Our products often require the use of tin, tantalum and gold, or 3TG, as defined, which fall under the definition of Conflict Minerals, per the Rule.

Our supply chain is global and complex, and there are multiple tiers between our Company and the sources or mines of the Conflict Minerals that are necessary to the functionality or production of our products. Therefore, the Company or its suppliers purchase 3TG-related materials after processing by Smelters or Refiners ("SoRs"). Accordingly, we rely on our direct suppliers to provide information on the origin of the Conflict Minerals contained in components that are included in our products.

3. Reasonable Country of Origin Inquiry

In order to conduct a Reasonable Country of Origin Inquiry ("**RCOI**") on the source or origin, or the likely country of origin, of Conflict Minerals that are necessary to the functionality or production of our products, we developed a risk-based approach that focuses on suppliers involved in manufacturing the relevant abovementioned products that contain or use the necessary Conflict Minerals. We identified 23 relevant suppliers that we concluded provide us with products and components that contain or may contain 3TG necessary to functionality or production of our products, and which accounted for 90% of all applicable materials purchased by Senstar in 2022.

Utilizing the Responsible Minerals Initiative's ("**RMF**"), standard Conflict Minerals Reporting Template ("**CMRT**") of, at a minimum version 6.01, and the services of a third-party data management provider, we surveyed the relevant suppliers that supply us, or likely supply us, with products or product components that contain, or likely contain the necessary Conflict Minerals. As noted, we do not purchase the necessary Conflict Minerals directly from the facilities that process the 3TG from our constitution as a downstream company, and therefore we purchase the 3TG from our direct suppliers, who also purchase these minerals from their own upstream suppliers, or the SoRs themselves. Additionally, we sent letters to our relevant suppliers, informing them of the Rule and the Company's Conflict Minerals Policy. We reviewed the responses and followed up on what we perceived as inconsistent, incomplete, or inaccurate responses, as well as sent reminders to suppliers who did not respond to our requests for information or did not provide adequate responses per information compared against Third Party Audit bodies', such as the RMI's, lists of conformant and active SoRs. We received responses from 100% of the suppliers we approached.

The majority of suppliers from which we requested information indicated in their response that the information provided was at a company level (78%). Based on those responses, some of the suppliers and manufacturers were unable to accurately report the SoRs that were part of their supply chain and that were applicable to the components or products that were sold to us in 2022.

Based on information obtained in the RCOI, and considering the complexities of our supply chain, we do not have sufficient information from our suppliers to determine the country of origin, or likely country of origin, of the Conflict Minerals used in our products or the facilities used to process those Conflict Minerals. Therefore, we cannot exclude the possibility that some of these Conflict Minerals may have originated in Covered Countries and are not from recycled or scrap sources.

In accordance with the Rule, Senstar undertook due diligence on the source and chain of custody of the Conflict Minerals that were necessary to the functionality or production of its products during 2022. There is significant overlap between the RCOI efforts and the due diligence measures employed.

4. Design of Our Due Diligence

Based on the findings of our RCOI, we designed our mineral supply chain due-diligence process in reference to the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development ("OECD") Due Diligence Guidance (2016) for Responsible Supply Chains of Minerals from Conflict-Affected and High-Risk Areas ("OECD Guidance") and its related Supplements for 3TG.

Senstar has processes in place for the purpose of exercising due diligence on its supply chain. The design of the due diligences processes conforms with the OECD Guidance as it relates to downstream purchasers of products and components. The due diligence processes are described below under sub-headings corresponding to the five-step framework of the OECD Guidance.

5. Due Diligence Performance

Step 1 - Establish strong company management systems:

- Our Conflict Minerals Policy is publicly available on our website at the following link: https://senstartechnologies.com/about/.
- We have a team of individuals from various functions (Operations, Legal and Finance) within the organization to continually supporting the process of supply chain due diligence. The team meets, as needed, to assess identified risks and determine follow up actions.
- Senstar maintains a system of controls and transparency over the mineral supply chain through use of the RMI's CMRT reporting template of, at a minimum, version 6.01 Due to the large size and global spread of our supply chain, we have also contracted a service provider to enhance the supplier data collection process and to help minimize sourcing risks.
- We maintain records relating to our Conflict Minerals program for a period of at least 5 years.
- We enable employees, suppliers and other stakeholders to report any concerns relating to our Conflict Minerals program through our grievance mechanism. Contact details for concerns
 or questions are provided in our Conflict Mineral Policy that is publicly available at our website under the heading "Corporate Governance" and at the following link:
 https://senstartechnologies.com/about/.

Step 2 - Identify and assess risk in the supply chain:

- We mapped and evaluated our family of products. Senstar mapped the relevant agents and suppliers, as well as the manufacturers that sell to these agents and suppliers in order to identify relevant suppliers for the supply chain inquiry.
- We surveyed our suppliers using, at a minimum, version 6.01 of the CMRT (as detailed above in "Reasonable Country of Origin" section). We compared the SoRs identified by our suppliers against the lists of facilities that have received a conformant or active designation by the RMI's Responsible Minerals Assurance Process ("RMAP") smelter or refiner validation program or other independent third-party audit programs. We contacted suppliers that did not respond or provided inadequate responses.
- Due to our size, the breadth and complexity of our products and the constant evolution of our supply chain, it is difficult to identify the relevant SoRs in our supply chain. We do not purchase Conflict Minerals directly from mines or the SoRs, and there are many tiers in the supply chain between us and the original source of the Conflict Minerals. As a result, we rely on our direct suppliers and manufacturers to provide information regarding the origin of any Conflict Minerals. This challenge brings us to engage a service provider to assist in certain aspects of the process.

Step 3 - Design and implementation of a strategy to respond to identified risks:

- We reviewed the survey responses, assessed the risks identified and implemented a strategy to respond to those risks.
 - o We followed up on inconsistent, incomplete, or inaccurate responses, as well as sent reminders to certain suppliers who did not respond to our requests for information.
 - o Relevant senior management was briefed about our due diligence efforts, risk analysis results and mitigation efforts.
 - o Our team, led by our CFO, assessed identified risks and determined follow up actions.
 - o Some suppliers that source uncertified SoRs or uncertified SoRs from Covered Countries, according to Third Party Audit bodies, such as the RMAP, were contacted and were asked to submit more information about their sourcing practices, including a corrective action plan.
- Supply chain due diligence is a dynamic process and requires on-going risk monitoring. To ensure the effectiveness of risk management, after implementation of our strategy, we review and address the identified risks.

Step 4 - Carry Out Independent Third-Party Audit of SoRs' Due Diligence Practices:

Senstar, as a downstream company does not have a direct relationship with 3TG SoRs and is significantly removed from the SoRs that process the Conflict Minerals. As such, we do not perform direct audits of SoRs in our supply chain, but rather rely on due diligence performed by organizations such as the RMI and compare SoR data received with the RMI's Standard Smelter List of SoRs conformant and active in the RMAP program.

Step 5 - Report Annually on Supply Chain Due Diligence:

We currently, subject to SEC guidelines, report annually on our supply chain due diligence through Form SD. Our reports on Form SD are publicly available at https://senstartechnologies.com/about/.

6. Results for the 2022 Calendar Year

Based on the results of our due diligence thus far, we believe it is likely that years of engagement and communication of expectations through many tiers of the supply chain will be necessary before information returned to downstream companies, such as ours, may be considered accurate and complete.

In addition, the following factors materially affect the results of our assessment:

- We are dependent on information received from our direct suppliers to conduct our good faith RCOI process;
- We do not have a direct relationship with 3TG SoRs, nor do we perform direct audits of the other entities in our supply chain;
- We have a varied supplier base with differing levels of resources and sophistication, and many of our suppliers are not themselves subject to the Rule;
- The information our suppliers provide us with is often incomplete and requires significant follow-up;
- Many suppliers provided responses at a company or divisional level, and not at a product level specific to the materials and components we use in the subject products;
- Certain suppliers were unable or unwilling to specify the SoRs used for materials and components supplied to us;
- Our ability to influence cooperation from certain suppliers was limited as we were multiple tiers away from the SoRs in the supply chain; and
- The information gathered from our suppliers is not obtained on a continuous, real-time basis.

We conducted a supply-chain survey of 23 of our direct suppliers that we identified may contribute necessary Conflict Minerals to our products. The overall response rate to this survey was 100%.

Response analysis:

Out of the total responses received, 23 responses were defined as complete responses and no responses were incomplete or inconsistent.

Declaration scope:

Based on the responses that we received, most of our suppliers delivered declaration in company level as shown below:

| Company level | 78% |
|---------------|-----|
| User-defined | 13% |
| Products list | 9% |

As such, Senstar was unable to identify the country of origin of the Conflict Minerals used in the Company's products in 2022.

Based on the information provided by our suppliers, we believe that the facilities that may have been used to process the Conflict Minerals in our products may include the SoRs listed in <u>Exhibit A</u> below. Based on our due diligence efforts, we do not have sufficient information to determine the countries of origin, or likely countries of origin, of the Conflict Minerals in our products or whether the Conflict Minerals in our products are from entirely recycled or scrap sources, see <u>Exhibit B</u> below. Pursuant to the Rule, this report is not subject to an independent private sector audit.

7. Conclusion

Due to the breadth and scope of our product categories, the resulting complexity of our supply chain, and the human and financial resources available to us, we acknowledge that the process of successfully tracing all of the Conflict Minerals used in our manufactured or contracted to manufacture products to their country of origin will take additional time and resources. Moving forward, subject to the legal requirements and any changes to the Rule, we will continue to implement commercially reasonable processes to improve the quantity and quality of supplier responses.

Failure to obtain reliable information from any level of our supply chain could materially impact our future ability to report on the presence of Conflict Minerals with any degree of certainty. There can be no assurance that our suppliers will continue to cooperate with diligence inquiries and requests for certifications or provide documentation or other evidence that we consider reliable or provided to us within a time frame sufficient to allow us to make our own assessment following appropriate further diligence measures, if any. The information provided in this Conflict Mineral Report speaks only as of its date. Subsequent events, including future guidelines by the SEC, and the inability or unwillingness of participants in our supply chain to provide complete and accurate information requested, may affect our future determinations under the Rule.

8. Continuous Improvement Efforts to Mitigate Risk

The company will continue working with its global supply chain to ensure responsible sourcing and assure compliance with international regulations. As we continue to implement our due diligence program, we intend to take measures to continue to mitigate any possible risk that the necessary Conflict Minerals in our products could directly or indirectly fund or benefit armed groups in the DRC or Covered Countries, as well as conflict-affected or high-risk areas ("CAHRAs").

Cautionary Statement about Forward-Looking Statements

Statements in this Conflict Minerals Report, which express a belief, expectation or intention, as well as those that are not historical fact, are forward-looking statements. These forward-looking statements are subject to various risks, uncertainties and assumptions, including, among other things, our customers' requirements to use certain suppliers, our suppliers' responsiveness and cooperation with our due diligence efforts, our ability to implement improvements in our Conflict Minerals program and our ability to identify and mitigate related risks in our supply chain. It is possible that the COVID-19 shut-down has also impacted the quality and number of supplier responses to our conflict minerals inquiries. If one or more of these or other risks materialize, actual results may vary materially from those expressed. For a more complete discussion of these and other risk factors, see our other filings with the SEC, including our Annual Report on Form 20-F for the year ended December 31, 2022. We caution that undue reliance should not be placed on these forward-looking statements, which speak only as of the date of this report, and we undertake no obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statement, except to the extent required by applicable law.

Exhibit A

List of identified certified SoRs

| Metal | Smelter or Refiner (SoR) Name | Smelter or Refiner (SoR) Country |
|-------|---|----------------------------------|
| Gold | 8853 S.p.A. | ITALY |
| Gold | ABC Refinery Pty Ltd. | AUSTRALIA |
| Gold | Abington Reldan Metals, LLC | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Gold | Advanced Chemical Company | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Gold | African Gold Refinery | UGANDA |
| Gold | Agosi AG | GERMANY |
| Gold | Aida Chemical Industries Co., Ltd. | JAPAN |
| Gold | Al Etihad Gold Refinery DMCC | UNITED ARAB EMIRATES |
| Gold | Albino Mountinho Lda. | PORTUGAL |
| Gold | Alexy Metals | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Gold | Allgemeine Gold-und Silberscheideanstalt A.G. | GERMANY |
| Gold | Almalyk Mining and Metallurgical Complex (AMMC) | UZBEKISTAN |
| Gold | AngloGold Ashanti Corrego do Sitio Mineracao | BRAZIL |
| Gold | AngloGold Ashanti Córrego do Sítio Mineração | BRAZIL |
| Gold | Argor-Heraeus S.A. | SWITZERLAND |
| Gold | Asahi Pretec Corp. | JAPAN |
| Gold | Asahi Refining Canada Ltd. | CANADA |
| Gold | Asahi Refining USA Inc. | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Gold | Johnson Matthey Inc. | UNITED STATES |
| Gold | Asaka Riken Co., Ltd. | JAPAN |
| Gold | Atasay Kuyumculuk Sanayi Ve Ticaret A.S. | TURKEY |
| Gold | AU Traders and Refiners | SOUTH AFRICA |
| Gold | Augmont Enterprises Private Limited | INDIA |
| Gold | Aurubis AG | GERMANY |
| Gold | Bangalore Refinery | INDIA |
| Gold | Bangko Sentral ng Pilipinas (Central Bank of the Philippines) | PHILIPPINES |
| Gold | Boliden AB | SWEDEN |
| Gold | C. Hafner GmbH + Co. KG | GERMANY |
| Gold | C.I Metales Procesados Industriales SAS | COLOMBIA |
| Gold | Caridad | MEXICO |
| Gold | CCR Refinery - Glencore Canada Corporation | CANADA |
| Gold | Xstrata | CANADA |
| Gold | Cendres + Metaux S.A. | SWITZERLAND |
| Gold | CGR Metalloys Pvt Ltd. | INDIA |
| Gold | Chimet S.p.A. | ITALY |
| Gold | Chugai Mining | JAPAN |
| Gold | Daye Non-Ferrous Metals Mining Ltd. | CHINA |
| Gold | Degussa Sonne / Mond Goldhandel GmbH | GERMANY |
| Gold | Dijllah Gold Refinery FZC | UNITED ARAB EMIRATES |
| Gold | DODUCO Contacts and Refining GmbH | GERMANY |

| Gold | Dongwu Gold Group | CHINA | |
|------|---|-----------------------------|--|
| Gold | Dowa | JAPAN | |
| Gold | DS PRETECH Co., Ltd. | KOREA, REPUBLIC OF | |
| Gold | DSC (Do Sung Corporation) | KOREA, REPUBLIC OF | |
| Gold | Eco-System Recycling Co., Ltd. East Plant | JAPAN | |
| Gold | Eco-System Recycling Co., Ltd. North Plant | JAPAN | |
| Gold | Eco-System Recycling Co., Ltd. West Plant | JAPAN | |
| Gold | | | |
| | Ohio Precious Metals, LLC | UNITED STATES UNITED STATES | |
| Gold | Elemetal Refining, LLC | | |
| Gold | Emerald Jewel Industry India Limited (Unit 1) | INDIA | |
| Gold | Emerald Jewel Industry India Limited (Unit 2) | INDIA | |
| Gold | Emerald Jewel Industry India Limited (Unit 3) | INDIA | |
| Gold | Emerald Jewel Industry India Limited (Unit 4) | | |
| Gold | Emirates Gold DMCC | UNITED ARAB EMIRATES | |
| Gold | Fidelity Printers and Refiners Ltd. | ZIMBABWE | |
| Gold | Fujairah Gold FZC | UNITED ARAB EMIRATES | |
| Gold | GCC Gujrat Gold Centre Pvt. Ltd. | INDIA | |
| Gold | Geib Refining Corporation | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA | |
| Gold | GGC Gujrat Gold Centre Pvt. Ltd. | INDIA | |
| Gold | Gold by Gold Colombia | COLOMBIA | |
| Gold | Gold Coast Refinery | GHANA | |
| Gold | Gold Refinery of Zijin Mining Group Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Gold | Great Wall Precious Metals Co., Ltd. of CBPM | CHINA | |
| Gold | Guangdong Jinding Gold Limited | CHINA | |
| Gold | Guoda Safina High-Tech Environmental Refinery Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Gold | Hangzhou Fuchunjiang Smelting Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Gold | Heimerle + Meule GmbH | GERMANY | |
| Gold | Heraeus Germany GmbH Co. KG | GERMANY | |
| Gold | Heraeus Metals Hong Kong Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Gold | Heraeus Precious Metals GmbH & Co. KG | GERMANY | |
| Gold | Hunan Chenzhou Mining Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Gold | Hunan Guiyang yinxing Nonferrous Smelting Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Gold | HwaSeong CJ CO., LTD. | KOREA, REPUBLIC OF | |
| Gold | Industrial Refining Company | BELGIUM | |
| Gold | Inner Mongolia Qiankun Gold and Silver Refinery Share Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Gold | International Precious Metal Refiners | UNITED ARAB EMIRATES | |
| Gold | Ishifuku Metal Industry Co., Ltd. | JAPAN | |
| Gold | Istanbul Gold Refinery | TURKEY | |
| Gold | Italpreziosi | ITALY | |
| Gold | JALAN & Company | INDIA | |
| Gold | Japan Mint | JAPAN | |
| Gold | Jiangxi Copper Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Gold | JSC Ekaterinburg Non-Ferrous Metal Processing Plant | RUSSIAN FEDERATION | |
| Gold | JSC Novosibirsk Refinery | RUSSIAN FEDERATION | |
| Gold | JSC Uralelectromed | RUSSIAN FEDERATION | |
| Gold | JX Nippon Mining & Metals Co., Ltd. | JAPAN | |
| Gold | K.A. Rasmussen | NORWAY | |
| Gold | Kaloti Precious Metals | UNITED ARAB EMIRATES | |
| Gold | Kazakhmys Smelting LLC | KAZAKHSTAN | |
| Gold | Kazzinc | KAZAKHSTAN | |
| Gold | Kennecott Utah Copper LLC | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA | |
| | | | |

| Gold | KGHM Polska Miedz Spolka Akcyjna | POLAND |
|------|---|--------------------------|
| Gold | Kojima Chemicals Co., Ltd. | JAPAN |
| Gold | Korea Zinc Co., Ltd. | KOREA, REPUBLIC OF |
| Gold | Kundan Care Products Ltd. | INDIA |
| Gold | Kundan Carl Froudes Ed. Kyrgyzaltyn JSC | KYRGYZSTAN |
| Gold | Kystym Copper-Electrolytic Plant ZAO | RUSSIAN FEDERATION |
| Gold | L'azurde Company For Jewelry | SAUDI ARABIA |
| Gold | Lingbao Gold Co., Ltd. | CHINA |
| Gold | Lingbao Jinyuan Tonghui Refinery Co., Ltd. | CHINA |
| Gold | L'Orfebre S.A. | ANDORRA |
| Gold | | KOREA, REPUBLIC OF |
| | LS-NIKKO Copper Inc. | , |
| Gold | LT Metal Ltd. | KOREA, REPUBLIC OF |
| Gold | Luoyang Zijin Yinhui Gold Refinery Co., Ltd. | CHINA |
| Gold | Marsam Metals | BRAZIL |
| Gold | Materion | UNITED STATES |
| | Matsuda Sangyo Co., Ltd. | JAPAN |
| | MD Overseas | INDIA |
| Gold | Metal Concentrators SA (Pty) Ltd. | SOUTH AFRICA |
| Gold | Metallix Refining Inc. | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Gold | Metalor Technologies (Hong Kong) Ltd. | CHINA |
| Gold | Metalor Technologies (Singapore) Pte., Ltd. | SINGAPORE |
| Gold | Metalor Technologies (Suzhou) Ltd. | CHINA |
| Gold | Metalor Technologies S.A. | SWITZERLAND |
| Gold | Metalor USA Refining Corporation | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Gold | Metalurgica Met-Mex Penoles S.A. De C.V. | MEXICO |
| Gold | Mitsubishi Materials Corporation | JAPAN |
| Gold | Mitsui Mining and Smelting Co., Ltd. | JAPAN |
| Gold | MKS PAMP SA | SWITZERLAND |
| Gold | MMTC-PAMP India Pvt., Ltd. | INDIA |
| Gold | Modeltech Sdn Bhd | MALAYSIA |
| Gold | Morris and Watson | NEW ZEALAND |
| Gold | Moscow Special Alloys Processing Plant | RUSSIAN FEDERATION |
| Gold | Nadir Metal Rafineri San. Ve Tic. A.S. | TURKEY |
| Gold | Navoi Mining and Metallurgical Combinat | UZBEKISTAN |
| Gold | NH Recytech Company | KOREA, REPUBLIC OF |
| Gold | Nihon Material Co., Ltd. | JAPAN |
| Gold | Ogussa Osterreichische Gold- und Silber-Scheideanstalt GmbH | AUSTRIA |
| Gold | Ohura Precious Metal Industry Co., Ltd. | JAPAN |
| Gold | OJSC "The Gulidov Krasnoyarsk Non-Ferrous Metals Plant" (OJSC Krastsvetmet) | RUSSIAN FEDERATION |
| Gold | OJSC Novosibirsk Refinery | RUSSIAN FEDERATION |
| Gold | PAMP S.A. | SWITZERLAND |
| Gold | Pease & Curren | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Gold | Penglai Penggang Gold Industry Co., Ltd. | CHINA |
| Gold | Planta Recuperadora de Metales SpA | CHILE |
| Gold | Prioksky Plant of Non-Ferrous Metals | RUSSIAN FEDERATION |
| Gold | PT Aneka Tambang (Persero) Tbk | INDONESIA |
| Gold | PX Precinox S.A. | SWITZERLAND |
| Gold | QG Refining, LLC | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| Gold | Rand Refinery (Pty) Ltd. | SOUTH AFRICA |
| Gold | Refinery of Seemine Gold Co., Ltd. | CHINA |
| Gold | REMONDIS PMR B.V. | NETHERLANDS |
| Solu | REMONDED FAIR D. F. | |

| Gold | Royal Canadian Mint | CANADA | |
|------|--|---------------------------|--|
| Gold | SAAMP | FRANCE | |
| Gold | Sahin Metal Corp. | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA | |
| Gold | Safimet S.p.A | ITALY | |
| Gold | SAFINA A.S. | CZECHIA | |
| | | INDIA | |
| Gold | Sai Refinery | | |
| Gold | Samduck Precious Metals | KOREA, REPUBLIC OF | |
| Gold | Samwon Metals Corp. | KOREA, REPUBLIC OF | |
| Gold | Sancus ZFS (L'Orfebre, SA) | COLOMBIA | |
| Gold | SAXONIA Edelmetalle GmbH | GERMANY | |
| Gold | Sellem Industries Ltd. | MAURITANIA | |
| Gold | SEMPSA Joyeria Plateria S.A. | SPAIN | |
| Gold | Shandong Gold Smelting Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Gold | Shandong Humon Smelting Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Gold | Shandong Tiancheng Biological Gold Industrial Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Gold | Shandong Zhaojin Gold & Silver Refinery Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Gold | Shenzhen CuiLu Gold Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Gold | Shenzhen Zhonghenglong Real Industry Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Gold | Shirpur Gold Refinery Ltd. | INDIA | |
| Gold | Sichuan Tianze Precious Metals Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Gold | Singway Technology Co., Ltd. | TAIWAN, PROVINCE OF CHINA | |
| Gold | SOE Shyolkovsky Factory of Secondary Precious Metals | RUSSIAN FEDERATION | |
| Gold | Solar Applied Materials Technology Corp. | TAIWAN, PROVINCE OF CHINA | |
| Gold | Sovereign Metals | INDIA | |
| Gold | State Research Institute Center for Physical Sciences and Technology | LITHUANIA | |
| Gold | Sudan Gold Refinery | SUDAN | |
| Gold | Sumitomo Metal Mining Co., Ltd. | JAPAN | |
| Gold | SungEel HiMetal Co., Ltd. | KOREA, REPUBLIC OF | |
| Gold | Super Dragon Technology Co., Ltd. | TAIWAN, PROVINCE OF CHINA | |
| Gold | Smelter Not Listed | TAIWAN, PROVINCE OF CHINA | |
| Gold | T.C.A S.p.A | ITALY | |
| Gold | Tanaka Kikinzoku Kogyo K.K. | JAPAN | |
| Gold | The Refinery of Shandong Gold Mining Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Gold | China's Shandong Gold Mining Co., Ltd | CHINA | |
| Gold | Tokuriki Honten Co., Ltd. | JAPAN | |
| Gold | Tongling Nonferrous Metals Group Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Gold | Tony Goetz NV | BELGIUM | |
| Gold | TOO Tau-Ken-Altyn | KAZAKHSTAN | |
| Gold | Torecom | KOREA, REPUBLIC OF | |
| Gold | Umicore Precious Metals Thailand | THAILAND | |
| Gold | Umicore S.A. Business Unit Precious Metals Refining | BELGIUM | |
| Gold | United Precious Metal Refining, Inc. | UNITED STATES | |
| Gold | Valcambi S.A. | SWITZERLAND | |
| Gold | WEEEREFINING | FRANCE | |
| Gold | Western Australian Mint (T/a The Perth Mint) | AUSTRALIA | |
| Gold | Perth Mint | AUSTRALIA | |
| Gold | WIELAND Edelmetalle GmbH | GERMANY | |
| Gold | Yamakin Co., Ltd. | JAPAN | |
| Gold | Yokohama Metal Co., Ltd. | JAPAN | |
| Gold | Yunnan Copper Industry Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Gold | Zhongyuan Gold Smelter of Zhongjin Gold Corporation | CHINA | |
| Colu | Zaongyam. Cold Dinetter of Zaongjin Gold Corporation | | |

| Tantalum | 5D Production OU | ESTONIA | |
|----------|---|--------------------------|--|
| Tantalum | AMG Brasil | BRAZIL | |
| | AMG Brasil Changsha South Tantalum Niobium Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tantalum | - | | |
| Tantalum | D Block Metals, LLC | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA | |
| Tantalum | Exotech Inc. | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA | |
| Tantalum | F&X Electro-Materials Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tantalum | FIR Metals & Resource Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tantalum | Global Advanced Metals Aizu | JAPAN | |
| Tantalum | Global Advanced Metals Boyertown | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA | |
| Tantalum | Guangdong Zhiyuan New Material Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tantalum | H.C. Starck Co., Ltd. | THAILAND | |
| Tantalum | H.C. Starck Hermsdorf GmbH | GERMANY | |
| Tantalum | H.C. Starck Inc. | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA | |
| Tantalum | H.C. Starck Ltd. | JAPAN | |
| Tantalum | H.C. Starck Smelting GmbH & Co. KG | GERMANY | |
| Tantalum | H.C. Starck Tantalum and Niobium GmbH | GERMANY | |
| Tantalum | Hengyang King Xing Lifeng New Materials Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tantalum | Jiangxi Dinghai Tantalum & Niobium Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tantalum | Jiangxi Tuohong New Raw Material | CHINA | |
| Tantalum | JiuJiang JinXin Nonferrous Metals Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tantalum | Jiujiang Tanbre Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tantalum | Jiujiang Zhongao Tantalum & Niobium Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tantalum | KEMET Blue Metals | MEXICO | |
| Tantalum | KEMET de Mexico | MEXICO | |
| Tantalum | LSM Brasil S.A. | BRAZIL | |
| Tantalum | Materion Newton Inc. | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA | |
| Tantalum | Metallurgical Products India Pvt., Ltd. | INDIA | |
| Tantalum | Mineracao Taboca S.A. | BRAZIL | |
| Tantalum | Ningxia Orient Tantalum Industry Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tantalum | NPM Silmet AS | ESTONIA | |
| Tantalum | PRG Dooel | NORTH MACEDONIA | |
| Tantalum | QuantumClean | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA | |
| Tantalum | Resind Industria e Comercio Ltda. | BRAZIL | |
| Tantalum | RFH Yancheng Jinye New Material Technology Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tantalum | Solikamsk Magnesium Works OAO | RUSSIAN FEDERATION | |
| Tantalum | Taki Chemical Co., Ltd. | JAPAN | |
| Tantalum | TANIOBIS Co., Ltd. | THAILAND | |
| Tantalum | TANIOBIS GmbH | GERMANY | |
| Tantalum | TANIOBIS Japan Co., Ltd. | JAPAN | |
| Tantalum | TANIOBIS Smelting GmbH & Co. KG | GERMANY | |
| Tantalum | Telex Metals | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA | |
| Tantalum | Ulba Metallurgical Plant JSC | KAZAKHSTAN | |
| Tantalum | XIMEI RESOURCES (GUANGDONG) LIMITED | CHINA | |
| Tantalum | XinXing HaoRong Electronic Material Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tantalum | Yancheng Jinye New Material Technology Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tantalum | Yanling Jincheng Tantalum & Niobium Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| | | | |
| Tin | Alpha An Vinh Joint Stock Minard Processing Company | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA | |
| Tin | An Vinh Joint Stock Mineral Processing Company | VIET NAM | |
| Tin | Aurubis Beerse | BELGIUM | |
| Tin | Aurubis Berango | SPAIN | |
| Tin | Chenzhou Yunxiang Mining and Metallurgy Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |

| Tin | Chifeng Dajingzi Tin Industry Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
|-----------|---|--|--|
| Tin | China Tin Group Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tin | CRM Fundicao De Metais E Comercio De Equipamentos Eletronicos Do Brasil Ltda | BRAZIL | |
| Tin | CRM Synergies | SPAIN | |
| Tin | CV Ayi Jaya | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | CV United Smelting | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | CV Venus Inti Perkasa | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | Dongguan CiEXPO Environmental Engineering Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tin | DS Myanmar | MYANMAR | |
| Tin | Electro-Mechanical Facility of the Cao Bang Minerals & Metallurgy Joint Stock Company | VIET NAM | |
| Tin | Elector Mechanical Facility of the Cao Bang Minerals & Metanungy John Stock Company EM Vinto | BOLIVIA (PLURINATIONAL STATE OF) | |
| Tin | Empressa Nacional de Fundiciones (ENAF) | BOLIVIA (FLUNINA HOINAL STATE OF) BOLIVIA | |
| Tin | Empressa ivacional de Fundiciones (EIVAF) | BRAZIL | |
| | Estanho de Rondonia S.A. Fabrica Auricchio Industria e Comercio Ltda. | BRAZIL | |
| Tin | | POLAND | |
| Tin | Fenix Metals | | |
| Tin T' | Gejiu City Fuxiang Industry and Trade Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tin T' | Gejiu Kai Meng Industry and Trade LLC | CHINA | |
| Tin | Gejiu Non-Ferrous Metal Processing Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tin | Gejiu Yunxin Nonferrous Electrolysis Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tin | Gejiu Zili Mining And Metallurgy Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tin | Guangdong Hanhe Non-Ferrous Metal Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tin | HuiChang Hill Tin Industry Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tin | Jiangxi New Nanshan Technology Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tin | Luna Smelter, Ltd. | RWANDA | |
| Tin | Ma'anshan Weitai Tin Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tin | Magnu's Minerais Metais e Ligas Ltda. | BRAZIL | |
| Tin | Malaysia Smelting Corporation (MSC) | MALAYSIA | |
| Tin | Melt Metais e Ligas S.A. | BRAZIL | |
| Tin | Metallic Resources, Inc. | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA | |
| Tin | Metallo Belgium N.V. | BELGIUM | |
| | Metallo Spain S.L.U. | SPAIN | |
| Tin | Mineração Taboca S.A. | BRAZIL | |
| Tin | Minsur | PERU | |
| Tin | Nghe Tinh Non-Ferrous Metals Joint Stock Company | VIET NAM | |
| Tin | Novosibirsk Processing Plant Ltd. | RUSSIAN FEDERATION | |
| | Novosibirsk Tin Combine | RUSSIAN FEDERATION | |
| Tin | O.M. Manufacturing (Thailand) Co., Ltd. | THAILAND | |
| Tin | O.M. Manufacturing Philippines, Inc. | PHILIPPINES | |
| Tin | OMSA | BOLIVIA | |
| Tin | Operaciones Metalurgicas S.A. | BOLIVIA (PLURINATIONAL STATE OF) | |
| Tin | Pongpipat Company Limited | MYANMAR | |
| Tin | Precious Minerals and Smelting Limited | INDIA | |
| Tin | PT Aries Kencana Sejahtera | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | PT Artha Cipta Langgeng | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | PT ATD Makmur Mandiri Jaya | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | PT Babel Inti Perkasa | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | PT Babel Surya Alam Lestari | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | PT Bangka Prima Tin | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | PT Bangka Serumpun | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | PT Belitung Industri Sejahtera | INDONESIA | |

| Tin | PT Bukit Timah | INDONESIA | |
|----------|--|---------------------------|--|
| Tin | PT Cipta Persada Mulia | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | PT Eunindo Usaha Mandiri | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | PT Menara Cipta Mulia | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | PT Mitra Stania Prima | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | PT Mitra Sukses Globalindo | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | PT Panca Mega Persada | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | PT Premium Tin Indonesia | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | PT Prima Timah Utama | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | PT Putera Sarana Shakti (PT PSS) | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | PT Rajawali Rimba Perkasa | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | PT Rajehan Ariq | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | PT Refined Bangka Tin | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | PT Sariwiguna Binasentosa | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | PT Stanindo Inti Perkasa | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | PT Sukses Inti Makmur | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | PT Tambang Timah | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | PT Timah (Persero) Tbk Kundur | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | PT Timah (Persero) Tbk Mentok | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | PT Timah Nusantara | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | PT Timah Tbk Kundur | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | PT Timah Tbk Mentok | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | PT Tinindo Inter Nusa | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | PT Tirus Putra Mandiri | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | PT Tommy Utama | INDONESIA | |
| Tin | Rui Da Hung | TAIWAN, PROVINCE OF CHINA | |
| Tin | Soft Metais Ltda. | BRAZIL | |
| Tin | Super Ligas | BRAZIL | |
| Tin | Thai Nguyen Mining and Metallurgy Co., Ltd. | VIET NAM | |
| Tin | Thaisarco | THAILAND | |
| Tin | Tin Smelting Branch of Yunnan Tin Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tin | Tin Technology & Refining | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA | |
| Tin | Toboca/ Paranapenema | BRAZIL | |
| Tin | Tuyen Quang Non-Ferrous Metals Joint Stock Company | VIET NAM | |
| Tin | VQB Mineral and Trading Group JSC | VIET NAM | |
| Tin | White Solder Metalurgia e Mineracao Ltda. | BRAZIL | |
| Tin | White Solder Metalurgica | BRAZIL | |
| Tin | Yunnan Chengfeng Non-ferrous Metals Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tin | Yunnan Tin Company Limited | CHINA | |
| Tin | Yunnan Tin Company, Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tin | Yunnan Yunfan Non-ferrous Metals Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tungsten | A.L.M.T. Corp. | JAPAN | |
| Tungsten | ACL Metais Eireli | BRAZIL | |
| Tungsten | Albasteel Industria e Comercio de Ligas Para Fundicao Ltd. | BRAZIL | |
| Tungsten | Artek LLC | RUSSIAN FEDERATION | |
| Tungsten | Asia Tungsten Products Vietnam Ltd. | VIET NAM | |
| Tungsten | Chenzhou Diamond Tungsten Products Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tungsten | China Molybdenum Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tungsten | China Molybdenum Tungsten Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tungsten | Chongyi Zhangyuan Tungsten Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| | | | |

| Tungsten | Cronimet Brasil Ltda | BRAZIL | |
|----------|--|---------------------------|--|
| Tungsten | Fujian Ganmin RareMetal Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| | Fujian Xinlu Tungsten | CHINA | |
| - | Fujian Xinlu Tungsten Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tungsten | Ganzhou Haichuang Tungsten Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| | Ganzhou Huaxing Tungsten Products Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| - | Ganzhou Jiangwu Ferrotungsten Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| - | Ganzhou Seadragon W & Mo Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tungsten | GEM Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tungsten | Global Tungsten & Powders Corp. | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA | |
| - | Global Tungsten & Powders LLC | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA | |
| Tungsten | Guangdong Xianglu Tungsten Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| | H.C. Starck Tungsten GmbH | GERMANY | |
| | HANNAE FOR T Co., Ltd. | KOREA, REPUBLIC OF | |
| | Hubei Green Tungsten Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| - | Hunan Chenzhou Mining Group Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| - | Hunan Chunchang Nonferrous Metals Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tungsten | Hunan Jintai New Material Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tungsten | Hunan Shizhuyuan Nonferrous Metals Co., Ltd. Chenzhou Tungsten Products Branch | CHINA | |
| | Hydrometallurg, JSC | RUSSIAN FEDERATION | |
| Tungsten | Japan New Metals Co., Ltd. | JAPAN | |
| | Jiangwu H.C. Starck Tungsten Products Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tungsten | Jiangxi Gan Bei Tungsten Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tungsten | Jiangxi Minmetals Gao'an Non-ferrous Metals Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tungsten | Jiangxi Tonggu Non-ferrous Metallurgical & Chemical Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tungsten | Jiangxi Xinsheng Tungsten Industry Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tungsten | Jiangxi Yaosheng Tungsten Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tungsten | Jingmen Dewei GEM Tungsten Resources Recycling Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tungsten | JSC "Kirovgrad Hard Alloys Plant" | RUSSIAN FEDERATION | |
| Tungsten | Kennametal Fallon | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA | |
| Tungsten | Kennametal Huntsville | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA | |
| Tungsten | KGETS Co., Ltd. | KOREA, REPUBLIC OF | |
| Tungsten | Lianyou Metals Co., Ltd. | TAIWAN, PROVINCE OF CHINA | |
| Tungsten | LLC Vostok | RUSSIAN FEDERATION | |
| Tungsten | Malipo Haiyu Tungsten Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tungsten | Masan High-Tech Materials | VIET NAM | |
| Tungsten | Masan Tungsten Chemical LLC (MTC) | VIET NAM | |
| Tungsten | Moliren Ltd. | RUSSIAN FEDERATION | |
| Tungsten | Niagara Refining LLC | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA | |
| Tungsten | NPP Tyazhmetprom LLC | RUSSIAN FEDERATION | |
| Tungsten | OOO "Technolom" l | RUSSIAN FEDERATION | |
| Tungsten | OOO "Technolom" 2 | RUSSIAN FEDERATION | |
| Tungsten | Philippine Chuangxin Industrial Co., Inc. | PHILIPPINES | |
| Tungsten | Unecha Refractory metals plant | RUSSIAN FEDERATION | |
| Tungsten | Wolfram Bergbau und Hutten AG | AUSTRIA | |
| Tungsten | Wolfram Bergbau und Hütten AG | AUSTRIA | |
| Tungsten | Xiamen Tungsten (H.C.) Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| Tungsten | Xiamen Tungsten Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |
| | | | |
| Tungsten | Xinfeng Huarui Tungsten & Molybdenum New Material Co., Ltd. | CHINA | |

Exhibit B

Countries of Origin of the Conflict Minerals

Based on Senstar's Conflict Minerals due diligence efforts, the SoRs listed above may process Conflict Minerals in one or more of the following countries of origin:

| Gold | Tantalum | Tin | Tungsten |
|---------------------------|--------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------|
| ANDORRA | BRAZIL | BELGIUM | AUSTRIA |
| AUSTRALIA | CHINA | BOLIVIA | BRAZIL |
| AUSTRIA | ESTONIA | BOLIVIA (PLURINATIONAL STATE OF) | CHINA |
| BELGIUM | GERMANY | BRAZIL | GERMANY |
| BRAZIL | INDIA | CHINA | JAPAN |
| CANADA | JAPAN | INDIA | KOREA, REPUBLIC OF |
| CHILE | KAZAKHSTAN | INDONESIA | PHILIPPINES |
| CHINA | MEXICO | MALAYSIA | RUSSIAN FEDERATION |
| COLOMBIA | NORTH MACEDONIA | MYANMAR | TAIWAN, PROVINCE OF CHINA |
| CZECHIA | RUSSIAN FEDERATION | PERU | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA |
| FRANCE | THAILAND | PHILIPPINES | VIET NAM |
| GERMANY | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA | POLAND | |
| GHANA | | RUSSIAN FEDERATION | |
| INDIA | | RWANDA | |
| INDONESIA | | SPAIN | |
| ITALY | | TAIWAN, PROVINCE OF CHINA | |
| JAPAN | | THAILAND | |
| KAZAKHSTAN | | UNITED STATES OF AMERICA | |
| KOREA, REPUBLIC OF | | VIET NAM | |
| KYRGYZSTAN | | | |
| LITHUANIA | | | |
| MALAYSIA | | | |
| MAURITANIA | | | |
| MEXICO | | | |
| NETHERLANDS | | | |
| NEW ZEALAND | | | |
| NORWAY | | | |
| PHILIPPINES | | | |
| POLAND | | | |
| PORTUGAL | | | |
| RUSSIAN FEDERATION | | | |
| SAUDI ARABIA | | | |
| SINGAPORE | | | |
| SOUTH AFRICA | | 1 | |
| SPAIN | | | |
| SUDAN | | 1 | |
| SWEDEN | | | |
| SWITZERLAND | | 1 | |
| TAIWAN, PROVINCE OF CHINA | | 1 | |
| THAILAND | | | |
| TURKEY | | | |
| UGANDA | | | |
| UNITED ARAB EMIRATES | | 1 | |
| UNITED STATES | | 1 | |
| UNITED STATES OF AMERICA | | 1 | |
| UZBEKISTAN | | 1 | |
| ZIMBABWE | | | |
| | l | 1 | <u>I</u> |